

tions for the Customs Service for fiscal year 1992, and applicable to fiscal years beginning on and after Oct. 1, 1991, see section 10001(g)(1) of Pub. L. 101-508, set out as a note under section 58c of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Oct. 1, 1990, see section 115(a) of Pub. L. 101-382, set out as an Effective Date of 1990 Amendment note under section 58c of this title.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto, to the Secretary of Homeland Security, and for treatment of related references, see sections 203(1), 551(d), 552(d), and 557 of Title 6, Domestic Security, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6.

ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF COST ACCOUNTING SYSTEM; REPORTS

Pub. L. 107-210, div. A, title III, § 334, Aug. 6, 2002, 116 Stat. 977, provided that:

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2003, the Commissioner of Customs shall, in accordance with the audit of the Customs Service’s fiscal years 2000 and 1999 financial statements (as contained in the report of the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury issued on February 23, 2001), establish and implement a cost accounting system for expenses incurred in both commercial and noncommercial operations of the Customs Service.

“(2) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT.—The cost accounting system described in paragraph (1) shall provide for an identification of expenses based on the type of operation, the port at which the operation took place, the amount of time spent on the operation by personnel of the Customs Service, and an identification of expenses based on any other appropriate classification necessary to provide for an accurate and complete accounting of the expenses.

“(b) REPORTS.—Beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act [Aug. 6, 2002] and ending on the date on which the cost accounting system described in subsection (a) is fully implemented, the Commissioner of Customs shall prepare and submit to Congress on a quarterly basis a report on the progress of implementing the cost accounting system pursuant to subsection (a).”

§ 2083. Annual national trade and customs law violation estimates and enforcement strategy

(a) Violation estimates

Not later than 30 days before the beginning of each fiscal year after fiscal year 1991, the Commissioner of Customs shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate (hereafter in this section referred to as the “Committees”) a report that contains estimates of—

(1) the number and extent of violations of the trade, customs, and illegal drug control laws listed under subsection (b) of this section that will likely occur during the fiscal year; and

(2) the relative incidence of the violations estimated under paragraph (1) among the various ports of entry and customs regions within the customs territory.

(b) Applicable statutory provisions

The Commissioner of Customs, after consultation with the Committees—

(1) shall, within 60 days after August 20, 1990, prepare a list of those provisions of the trade, customs, and illegal drug control laws of the United States for which the United States Customs Service has enforcement responsibility and to which the reports required under subsection (a) of this section will apply; and

(2) may from time-to-time amend the listing developed under paragraph (1).

(c) Enforcement strategy

Within 90 days after submitting a report under subsection (a) of this section for any fiscal year, the Commissioner of Customs shall—

(1) develop a nationally uniform enforcement strategy for dealing during that year with the violations estimated in the report; and

(2) submit to the Committees a report setting forth the details of the strategy.

(d) Compliance program

The Commissioner of Customs shall—

(1) devise and implement a methodology for estimating the level of compliance with the laws administered by the Customs Service; and

(2) include as an additional part of the report required to be submitted under subsection (a) of this section for each of fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996, an evaluation of the extent to which such compliance was obtained during the 12-month period preceding the 60th day before each such fiscal year.

(e) Confidentiality

The contents of any report submitted to the Committees under subsection (a) or (c)(2) of this section are confidential and disclosure of all or part of the contents is restricted to—

(1) officers and employees of the United States designated by the Commissioner of Customs;

(2) the chairman of each of the Committees; and

(3) those members of each of the Committees and staff persons of each of the Committees who are authorized by the chairman thereof to have access to the contents.

(Pub. L. 101-382, title I, § 123, Aug. 20, 1990, 104 Stat. 642; Pub. L. 103-182, title VI, § 691(c), Dec. 8, 1993, 107 Stat. 2224.)

AMENDMENTS

1993—Subsecs. (d), (e). Pub. L. 103-182 added subsec. (d) and redesignated former subsec. (d) as (e).

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto, to the Secretary of Homeland Security, and for treatment of related references, see sections 203(1), 551(d), 552(d), and 557 of Title 6, Domestic Security, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6.

CHAPTER 11—IMPORTATION OF PRE-COLUMBIAN MONUMENTAL OR ARCHITECTURAL SCULPTURE OR MURALS

Sec.
2091.

List of stone carvings and wall art; promulgation and revision; criteria for classification.

Sec.	
2092.	Export certification requirement.
2093.	Forfeiture of unlawful imports.
2094.	Rules and regulations.
2095.	Definitions.

§ 2091. List of stone carvings and wall art; promulgation and revision; criteria for classification

The Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of State, by regulation shall promulgate, and thereafter when appropriate shall revise, a list of stone carvings and wall art which are pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or murals within the meaning of paragraph (3) of section 2095 of this title. Such stone carvings and wall art may be listed by type or other classification deemed appropriate by the Secretary.

(Pub. L. 92-587, title II, §201, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1297.)

§ 2092. Export certification requirement

(a) Issuance by country of export

No pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural which is exported (whether or not such exportation is to the United States) from the country of origin after the effective date of the regulation listing such sculpture or mural pursuant to section 2091 of this title may be imported into the United States unless the government of the country of origin of such sculpture or mural issues a certificate, in a form acceptable to the Secretary, which certifies that such exportation was not in violation of the laws of that country.

(b) Procedure when certificate lacking

If the consignee of any pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural is unable to present to the customs officer concerned at the time of making entry of such sculpture or mural—

- (1) the certificate of the government of the country of origin required under subsection (a) of this section;
- (2) satisfactory evidence that such sculpture or mural was exported from the country of origin on or before the effective date of the regulation listing such sculpture or mural pursuant to section 2091 of this title; or
- (3) satisfactory evidence that such sculpture or mural is not covered by the list promulgated under section 2091 of this title;

the customs officer concerned shall take the sculpture or mural into customs custody and send it to a bonded warehouse or public store to be held at the risk and expense of the consignee until such certificate or evidence is filed with such officer. If such certificate or evidence is not presented within the 90-day period after the date on which such sculpture or mural is taken into customs custody, or such longer period as may be allowed by the Secretary for good cause shown, the importation of such sculpture or mural into the United States is in violation of this chapter.

(Pub. L. 92-587, title II, §202, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1297.)

CODIFICATION

References to section 202 of Pub. L. 92-587 in the original were translated as section 2091 of this title in the classification of Pub. L. 92-587 as the probable intent of Congress.

§ 2093. Forfeiture of unlawful imports

(a) Seizure

Any pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural imported into the United States in violation of this chapter shall be seized and subject to forfeiture under the customs laws.

(b) Disposition of articles

Any pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural which is forfeited to the United States shall—

- (1) first be offered for return to the country of origin and shall be returned if that country bears all expenses incurred incident to such return and complies with such other requirements relating to the return as the Secretary shall prescribe; or
- (2) if not returned to the country of origin, be disposed of in the manner prescribed by law for articles forfeited for violation of the customs laws.

(Pub. L. 92-587, title II, §203, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1297.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The customs laws, referred to in text, are classified generally to this title.

§ 2094. Rules and regulations

The Secretary shall prescribe such rules and regulations as are necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(Pub. L. 92-587, title II, §204, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1297.)

§ 2095. Definitions

For the purposes of this chapter—

- (1) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (2) The term “United States” includes the several States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (3) The term “pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural” means—
 - (A) any stone carving or wall art which—
 - (i) is the product of a pre-Columbian Indian culture of Mexico, Central America, South America, or the Caribbean Islands;
 - (ii) was an immobile monument or architectural structure or was a part of, or affixed to, any such monument or structure; and
 - (iii) is subject to export control by the country of origin; or
 - (B) any fragment or part of any stone carving or wall art described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
- (4) The term “country of origin”, as applied to any pre-Columbian monumental or architectural sculpture or mural, means the country where such sculpture or mural was first discovered.

(Pub. L. 92-587, title II, §205, Oct. 27, 1972, 86 Stat. 1297.)

CHAPTER 12—TRADE ACT OF 1974

Sec.

- 2101. Short title.
- 2102. Congressional statement of purpose.

SUBCHAPTER I—NEGOTIATING AND OTHER AUTHORITY

PART 1—RATES OF DUTY AND OTHER TRADE BARRIERS

- 2111. Basic authority for trade agreements.
- 2112. Barriers to and other distortions of trade.
- 2113. Overall negotiating objective.
- 2114. Sector negotiating objectives.
- 2114a. Negotiating objectives with respect to trade in services, foreign direct investment, and high technology products.
- 2114b. Provisions relating to international trade in services.
- 2114c. Trade in services: development, coordination, and implementation of Federal policies; staff support and other assistance; specific service sector authorities unaffected; executive functions.
- 2114d. Foreign export requirements; consultations and negotiations for reduction and elimination; restrictions on and exclusion from entry of products or services; savings provision; compensation authority applicable.
- 2114e. Negotiation of agreements concerning high technology industries.
- 2115. Bilateral trade agreements.
- 2116. Agreements with developing countries.
- 2117. International safeguard procedures.
- 2118. Access to supplies.
- 2119. Staging requirements and rounding authority.

PART 2—OTHER AUTHORITY

- 2131. Authorization of appropriation for GATT revision.
- 2132. Balance-of-payments authority.
- 2133. Compensation authority.
- 2134. Two-year residual authority to negotiate duties.
- 2135. Termination and withdrawal authority.
- 2136. Reciprocal nondiscriminatory treatment.
- 2137. Reservation of articles for national security or other reasons.
- 2138. Omitted.

PART 3—HEARINGS AND ADVICE CONCERNING NEGOTIATIONS

- 2151. Advice from International Trade Commission.
- 2152. Advice from executive departments and other sources.
- 2153. Public hearings.
- 2154. Prerequisites for offers.
- 2155. Information and advice from private and public sectors.

PART 4—OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

- 2171. Structure, functions, powers, and personnel.

PART 5—CONGRESSIONAL PROCEDURES WITH RESPECT TO PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS

- 2191. Bills implementing trade agreements on non-tariff barriers and resolutions approving commercial agreements with Communist countries.
- 2192. Resolutions disapproving certain actions.
- 2193. Resolutions relating to extension of waiver authority under section 402 of the Trade Act of 1974.
- 2194. Special rules relating to Congressional procedures.

Sec.

PART 6—CONGRESSIONAL LIAISON AND REPORTS

- 2211. Congressional advisers for trade policy and negotiations.
- 2212. Transmission of agreements to Congress.
- 2213. Reports.

PART 7—UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

- 2231. Change of name.
- 2232. Independent budget and authorization of appropriations.

PART 8—IDENTIFICATION OF MARKET BARRIERS AND CERTAIN UNFAIR TRADE ACTIONS

- 2241. Estimates of barriers to market access.
- 2242. Identification of countries that deny adequate protection, or market access, for intellectual property rights.

SUBCHAPTER II—RELIEF FROM INJURY CAUSED BY IMPORT COMPETITION

PART 1—POSITIVE ADJUSTMENT BY INDUSTRIES INJURED BY IMPORTS

- 2251. Action to facilitate positive adjustment to import competition.
- 2252. Investigations, determinations, and recommendations by Commission.
- 2253. Action by President after determination of import injury.
- 2254. Monitoring, modification, and termination of action.

PART 2—ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS

SUBPART A—PETITIONS AND DETERMINATIONS

- 2271. Petitions.
- 2272. Group eligibility requirements; agricultural workers; oil and natural gas industry.
- 2273. Determinations by Secretary of Labor.
- 2274. Study by Secretary of Labor when International Trade Commission begins investigation.
- 2275. Benefit information for workers.

SUBPART B—PROGRAM BENEFITS

Division I—Trade Readjustment Allowances

- 2291. Qualifying requirements for workers.
- 2292. Weekly amounts of readjustment allowance.
- 2293. Limitations on trade readjustment allowances.
- 2294. Application of State laws.

Division II—Training, Other Employment Services, and Allowances

- 2295. Employment services.
- 2296. Training.
- 2297. Job search allowances.
- 2298. Relocation allowances.

SUBPART C—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 2311. Agreements with States.
- 2312. Administration absent State agreement.
- 2313. Payments to States.
- 2314. Liabilities of certifying and disbursing officers.
- 2315. Fraud and recovery of overpayments.
- 2316. Penalties.
- 2317. Authorization of appropriations.
- 2318. Demonstration project for alternative trade adjustment assistance for older workers.
- 2319. Definitions.
- 2320. Regulations.
- 2321. Subpena power.
- 2322. Repealed.

SUBPART D—NAFTA TRANSITIONAL ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

- 2331. Repealed.